the provision of such a pipe, the owner shall, within three months, lay so much of the required pipe as will constitute a supply pipe and is not requierd to be laid in a street, and the corporation shall, within fourteen days after the owner has done so, lay so much of the required pipe as will constitute a communication pipe or a supply pipe to be laid in a street and make all necessary communications.

(3) If an owner upon whom a notice has been served under sub-section (2) fails to comply therewith the corporation may itself execute the work which the owner was required to execute and recover the expenses reasonably incurred by it in executing the work as an arrear of water rate under this Act.

....**215. Stopcocks.**—(1) On every service pipe laid, the corporation may fit a stopcock enclosed in a cover box or a pit of such size as may be reasonably necessary.

(2) Every stopcock fitted on a service pipe shall be placed in such position as the corporation deems most convenient:

Porvided that—

(a) a stopcock in private premises shall be placed as near as is reasonably practicable to the street from which the service pipe enters those premises; and

(b) a stopcock in a street shall be placed as near to the boundary thereof as is reasonably practicable.

216. Power to provide meters.—(1) The corporation may provide a water meter and attach the same to the service pipe in premises connected with corporation water works.

(2) The expenses of attaching a meter under sub-section (1) shall be paid by the owner of the premises.

(3) The use, rent to be paid for such use, maintenance and testing of meters shall be regulated by the bye-laws.

217. Presumption as to correctness of meters.—Whenever water is supplied by the corporation through a meter, it shall be presumed that the quantity indicated by the meter has been consumed until the contrary is proved.

218. Prohibition of waste or misuse of water.—(1) No person shall wilfully or negligently cause or suffer any water fitting which he is liable to maintain—

(a) to be or remain so out of order or so in need of repair; or

(b) to be or remain so constructed or adopted or to be so used;

that the water supplied to him by the corporation is or is likely to be wasted, misued or unduly consumed, or contaminated before use, or that foul air or an impure matter is likely to return into any pipe belonging to, or connected with a pipe belonging to, the corporation.

(2) If any water fitting which any person is liable to maintain is in such a condition or so constructed or adopted as aforesaid, the corporation, without prejudice to any action against the person under any other provision of this Act, may require that person to carry out any necessary repairs or alterations and if he fails to do so within forty-eight hours may itself carry out the work and recover from him the expenses reasonably incurred by it in so doing, as an arrear of water rates payable under this Chapter.

219. Power to enter premises to detect waste or misuse of water.—The commissioner or any officer authorised by the corporation may, between sunrise and sunset, enter any premises supplied with water by the corporation in order to examine if there is any waste or misuse of such water and the commissioner or such officer shall not be

refused admittance to the premises nor shall he be obstructed by any person in making his examination.

220. Power to test water fittings.—The commissioner or other officer may test any water fitting used in connection with water supplied by the corporation.

221. Water pipes, etc., not to be placed where water will be polluted.—(1) No water pipe shall be laid in a drain or on the surface of an open channel or house gully or within six meters of a cesspool or in any position where the pipe is likely to be injured or the water therein polluted; and except with the approval of the corporation no cistern shall be constructed within six metere of a privy or cesspool.

(2) No privy or cesspool shall be constructed or made within six meters of any water pipe or cistern or in any position where the pipe or cistern is likely to be injured or the water therein polluted.

222. Power to cut off water supply.—(1) The commissioner may cut off the supply of water from any premises,—

(a) if the premises are unoccupied;

(b) if the owner or occupier neglects to comply with any lawful order or requisition regarding water supply issued by the commissioner within the period specified therein;

(c) if any charges or any other sum due for water or for the cost of making a connection or the hire of a meter or the cost of carrying out any work or test connected with the water supply which is chargeable to any person by or under this Act is not paid within fifteen days after a bill for such charges or sums has been presented or served;

(d) if after receipt of a notice from the commissioner requiring him to refrain from so doing, the owner or occupier continues to use the water or to permit it to be used